

National Time Standards

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Model Time Standards

FOR STATE TRIAL COURTS

These Model Standards were approved in August 2011 by the:

Conference of State Court Administrators

Conference of Chief Justices

American Bar Association House of Delegates

The National Association for Court Management







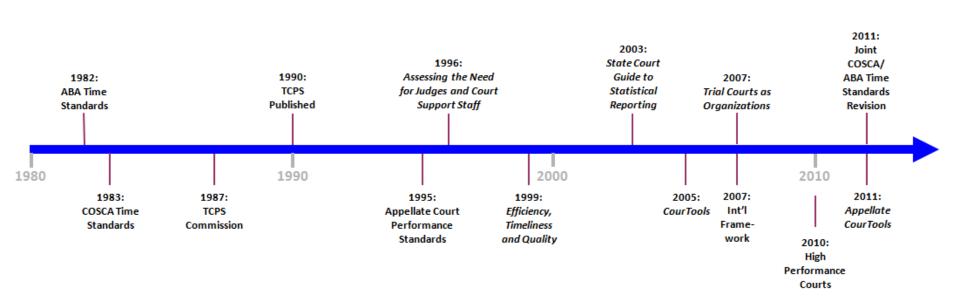


WHY REVISE THE STANDARDS?

- Out of date
- Disparate sets of standards
- Changes technology
- Little change in court processes
- Growing demand for immediacy
- No longer just aspirational

WHERE WE CAME FROM AND WHERE WE ARE GOING

Three Decades of Court Performance Measurement



RECENT INFLUENCES

- CourTools
- High Performance Courts Framework

Accountability = Performance Measurement

PROCESS

Who

- · CCJ
- COSCA
- ABA
- AJA
- NACM
- NJA
- Court community

How

- Two year review
- Experience of state courts
- Intended to establish reasonable expectations

WHAT'S IN IT FOR ...

Courts—set a reasonable goal

 Lawyers—framework to complete their activities

 Public—define what is expected of their courts

WHAT'S BEHIND THE STANDARDS

- 15 case types
- Tripartite model that recognizes:
 - Most cases disposed with little court involvement (75%)
 - Second proportion disposed after resolution of one or two issues (90%)
 - Third tier at 98%
- Intermediate Time Standards for each case type

CRIMINAL

Case Type	COSCA Standard	ABA Standard	Model Standard
Felony	100% within 180	90% within 120 days	75% within 90 days
	days	98% within 180 days	90% within 180 days
		100% within 365 days	98% within 365 days
Misdemeanor	100% within 90	90% within 30 days	75% within 60 days
	days	100% within 90 days	90% within 90 days
			98% within 180 days
Traffic and Local Ordinance			75% within 30 days
			90% within 60 days
			98% within 90 days
Habeas corpus and similar			98% within 180 days
Post-conviction proceedings			
(following a criminal conviction)			9

JUVENILE

Case Type	COSCA Standard	ABA Standard	Model Standard
Delinquency & Status Offense		90% within 3 months	For youth in detention:
		98% within 6 months	75% within 30 days
		100% within 12 months	90% within 45 days
			98% within 90 days
			For youth not in detention:
			75% within 60 days
			90% with 90 days
			98% within 150 days
Neglect and Abuse		90% within 3 months	Adjudicatory Hearing
		98% within 6 months	98% within 90 days of removal
		100% within 12 months	Permanency Hearing
			75% within 270 days of removal
			98% within 360 days of removal
Termination of Parental Rights		90% within 3 months	90% within 120 days after the
		98% within 6 months	filing of a termination petition
		100% within 12 months	98% within 180 days after the
			filing of a termination petition

CIVIL

Case Type	COSCA Standard	ABA Standard	Model Standard
General Civil	100% of non-jury	90% within 12 months	75% within 180 days
	within 12 months	98% within 18 months	90% within 365 days
	100% jury trials	100% within 24 months	98% within 540 days
	within 18 months		
Summary Matters			75% within 60 days
			90% within 90 days
			98% within 180 days

FAMILY

Case Type	COSCA Standard	ABA Standard	Model Standard
Dissolution/	100% uncontested	90% within 3 months	75% within 120 days
Divorce/	within 3 months	98% within 6 months	90% within 180 days
Allocation of Parental	100% contested	100% within 12 months	98% within 365 days
Responsibility	within 6 months		
Post Judgment Motions			98% within 180 days
Protection Orders			90% within 10 days
			98% within 30 days

PROBATE

Case Type	COSCA Standard	ABA Standard	Model Standard
Administration of Estates			75% within 360 days
			90% within 540 days
			98% within 720 days
Guardianship/ Conservator of			98% within 90 days
Incapacitated Adults			
Civil Commitment			98% within 15 days

WHAT IS THE NATIONAL PICTURE (29 STATES)

- DC has adopted
- 7 are likely to adopt in 2013 (including DC and AZ)
- 10 are in process
- 6 seriously looking at them
- 12 said they are not doing anythingnow
- 4 said they are comfortable with their current standards.

PUBLICATION OF TIME STANDARD DATA

States are split

 Shared only between AOC and the leadership of the court system and each trial court—AL, AK, CO, MI, VT

 Compliance with Time Standards made publically available—MA, MO, OH, UT, WA, WI

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS ON IMPLEMENTATION

 Implementing authority is by order of the Supreme Court

Local modifications...but not a lot

 Use of committees, councils to review and recommend adoption—a collaborative approach